
MAJIC Windows CE 5.x eXDI

User's Manual



Embedded Performance, Inc.

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Table of Contents

Table of Contents	1
Introduction	1
About this Manual.....	1
What is eXDI?.....	1
Supported Windows CE Environments.....	2
Related Documentation	2
Notational Conventions.....	3
Installation	4
Getting Started	4
Updating the Registry.....	6
Test Your Driver Setup/Installation	6
eXDI Files	7
Configuring Platform Builder.....	8
Configuring your Platform Builder Project to use MAJIC	8
Using the Driver	11
Debugging a Downloaded Image.....	11
Debugging a Boot Image.....	13
Breakpoint Issues	15
Using the eXDI Monitor Window.....	16
Trace Setup and Display	16
Coprocessor and Peripheral Register Access.....	17
Memory Access.....	17
Option Configuration	18
Shutting Down	18
Using the PlugIn	19
Launching the PlugIn	19
Using the Trace Window	20
Trace Display Modes	20
Miscellaneous Features	21
Symbol Reload.....	21
Break	21
Always On Top.....	21

The Settings Window	21
Auto Start Execution	22
Disable PB OS Memory Search	22
Auto Detect PB Workspace/Bin File	22
Capturing a Debug Log Session.....	22
Disconnecting the PlugIn	23
Support/Contact Information	25
EPI Support	25
Microsoft Support	25
 Index.....	 26

1 ***Introduction***

This chapter provides a brief overview of the scope of this manual, what eXDI is, our MAJIC eXDI Driver / PlugIn, and which Windows CE environments are supported.

About this Manual

This is the user manual for the Embedded Performance eXDI driver and PlugIn. It is aimed at end-users who intend to use the MAJIC with Microsoft's Platform Builder IDE.

Note: Except where explicitly stated to the contrary, the term MAJIC refers to all models of MAJIC (references to MAJIC^{PLUS} and MAJIC^{MX} refer to those respective models).

What is eXDI?

eXDI is Microsoft's Extended Debug Interface. This interface allows EPI to create a driver that is used by Microsoft's Platform Builder's IDE to provide full access to MAJIC's hardware-based debug services. In addition, we offer an eXDI PlugIn which provides extended GUI-based debug services not available within Platform Builder itself. A good example of this is Target CPU Trace services.

Window CE 5.x implements two eXDI interfaces (eXDI1 and eXDI2). This MAJIC eXDI driver is an eXDI1 driver. At the of this writing eXDI2 API documentation is not available to third parties.

Note: Windows CE requires installation on Windows 2000, XP or later, consequently the driver has the same restrictions as Windows CE.

Supported Windows CE Environments

At the time of this writing MAJIC eXDI supports the following Windows CE-based development environments. If you don't see your Windows CE-based environment listed, please contact EPI for the latest information. Note that this manual is targeted at users of Windows CE 5.0. There are quite a few differences in the operation of 5.0 versus previous version of Platform Builder. Thus the previous version of this manual (MAJIC Windows CE .Net eXDI User's Manual) is also provided and should be used by users of Platform Builder 3.x or 4.x.

Windows CE .5.0 Full Support

Windows CE .Net 4.x Full Support

Windows CE 3.0 Access to symbols and source code within the MAJIC eXDI Monitor Window and PlugIn are not supported.

Related Documentation

Microsoft Windows CE Online Help

Describes the Extended Debug Interface (eXDI) supported by Windows CE 5.x.

MAJIC User's Manual

See Tab section in EPI Development Tools for MAJIC: Revision 2.01, Dated: November 2002 or later.

MDI for MAJIC User's Manual

See Tab section in EPI Development Tools for MAJIC: Documents usage of EPI's Meta Debug Interface. Revision 1.2, Dated: March 2003 or later.

Notational Conventions

The following conventions are used in the syntax descriptions of this manual.

Normal	Just Normal Text.
Bold face	Identifies characters that must be entered exactly as shown.
<i>Italic</i>	Indicates a general category of input described in detail in the command operand's section.
<i>Header/Note</i>	Appearing to the left of a text block, indicates a step boundary or special note.
Arial Font	Indicates text appearing on the screen, e.g. menus or dialogs.

2 *Installation*

This chapter describes how to install and configure the MAJIC eXDI Driver and PlugIn provided by EPI.

Getting Started

- Step 1:** Install the Microsoft Windows CE .Net software package. It is important to do this before installing the EPI Tools package because our installer will update registry entries created by the Microsoft Installer. If you installed the Microsoft Windows CE .Net software package first then run the “**install.bat**” utility found in the C:\Program Files\EPITools\EDTx2x\exdi\ directory after installing the EPI Development Tools (EDT) package to update the registry entries.
- Step 2:** Install the EPI Development Tools package (EDT). Verify that you have a directory named “**exdi**” under the installation root of the EDT package. If you do not, then you have not correctly installed the eXDI Driver software.
- Step 3:** Install any third-party software, such as the Accelent Systems software, or your Board Support Package (BSP).
- Step 4:** Review the MAJIC Quick Start Guide – Hardware as a starting point for setup and configuration of your MAJIC probe. If you don’t have a printed MAJIC Quick Start Guide then please refer to the digital version in the CD’s manuals directory. Review the MAJIC Quick Start Guide – Software section and then see either **step 5** or **step 6** for more specifics on running the MAJIC Setup Wizard.
- Step 5:** For flash programming with the EPI Flash Programming Utility you will need to set up a shortcut for MONICE, EPI’s underlying command line interface. With this shortcut you can flash your bootloader.
1. Run the MAJIC Setup Wizard found in the Start menu under Start-> Programs-> EPI Tools - EDTx-> MAJIC Setup Wizard.
 2. At the first screen select Next.
 3. Under Choose your Debugger select MONICE and click Go.

4. Choose a **Project Name** and enter a description of your project. Now click **[Next]**.
5. Select your **Processor Type** and Select your **Target's Endian**, click **[Next]**.
6. Choose your connection type. If it is your first time connecting to the MAJIC, you must select the **Serial port**. If you are not connected to a network and would like to use Ethernet (cross-over cable) you must choose an IP address. See the **MAJIC User's Manual** for more information.
7. In the **Configuration Files** window choose **Use Existing Startup Files**. Browse to the samples directory and choose a sample directory that does not have an **_wince** extension. The settings for WinCE will interfere with Flash programming. If there are no sample files for your platform then choose **Create New Startup File** and **Adjust Default Properties**.
8. In the next screen choose **Reference the existing startup files from their location**.
9. Click **Perform Actions**, and then **Done**.

A shortcut for MONICE should pop up on your desktop. Power up your target and the MAJIC, then double-click on the desktop shortcut. Verify that you are able to connect to your target board, make sure that you see the message "JTAG connection established" in red letters. Use this connection in the future for flash programming. See the flash programming utility manual in the C:\Program Files\EPITOOLS\EDTx2x\manuals directory for more information.

Step 6:

To use Platform Builder you will need to setup the appropriate configuration files for your target board. To do this:

1. Run the **MAJIC Setup Wizard** found in the **Start** menu under **Start-> Programs-> EPI Tools - EDTx-> MAJIC Setup Wizard**.
2. In the first screen click **[Next]**.
3. Under **Choose your Debugger** select **Platform Builder (WinCE)** and click **[Go]**.
4. Choose a **Project Name** and Enter a one line description of your project, select **[Next]**.
5. Select your **Processor Type** and Select your **Target's Endian**, choose **[Next]**.
6. Choose your connection type. If it is your first time connecting to the MAJIC you must select **Serial port**. If you are not connected to a network and would like to use Ethernet (cross-over cable) you must choose IP address. See the **MAJIC User's Manual** for more information.
7. In the **Configuration Files** window, choose **Use Existing Startup Files**. Browse to the samples directory and choose a sample directory that matches your target type. If there are no sample files for your platform then choose **Create New Startup File** and **Adjust Default Properties**. If you are using an XScale reference platform be sure to choose a folder that has a **_wince** extension. If there are no sample files for your XScale target with a **_wince** extension contact support@epitools.com.
9. In the next screen click **Perform Actions**, and then **Done**.

Power up your target and the MAJIC, then browse to the C:\Program Files\EPITOOLS\EDTA22a\exDI directory and double-click on the **majic_exdi_driver.exe** file. This should launch the eXDI interface and

connect to the target successfully.

Step 7: If you have not already read your MAJIC User's Manual now is the time. This can be found in digital format in the EPI Documentation Index. See your EPI Tools EDTx start menu for details.

Updating the Registry

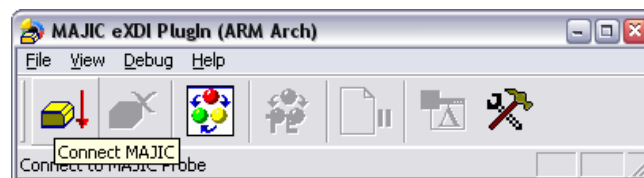
Normally, the Windows registry is setup when you install the EPI Tools from a production CD. If you received your software as a zip file or you are manually moving your EPI Tools installation directory around, then you need to run the script `./exdi/install.bat` to update the registry settings. For example:

```
DOS> cd exdi
DOS> install
```

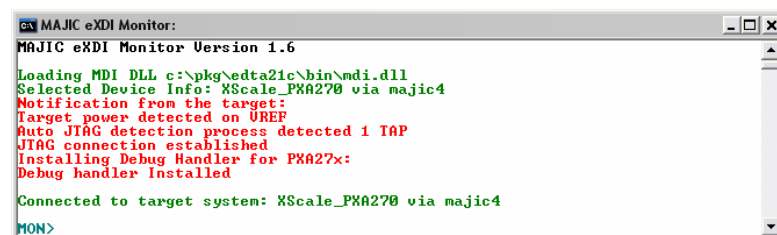
Note: Microsoft's Platform Builder should already installed before you install the EPI Tools CD or run this install batch file. If for some reason you install Platform builder after installing the EPI Tools CD, then simply run this install batch file again.

Test Your Driver Setup/Installation

First, make sure Platform Builder is not running. From the Windows Start menu select Start -> Programs -> EPI Tools - EDTx -> Majic_Exdi_Plugin. This launches the Plugin as shown below:



Now select the menu item Debug -> Connect to MAJIC Probe. If your setup is configured correctly, then the driver starts and the MAJIC eXDI Monitor Window pops up as shown below. If it does not start correctly, repeat **step 6** in the “Getting Started” section above.



Note: The Driver may pop up a configuration selection dialog if you have multiple configurations defined in your MDI configuration file. If so, simply select the appropriate configuration. The contents of this window will vary slightly, but you should get a valid connection established and a MON> prompt.

Now from the PlugIn Menu select **Debug -> Disconnect from MAJIC Probe**. This disconnects the PlugIn from the driver and if no other applications are connect to the Driver then the driver shuts down.

eXDI Files

The following files relating to MAJIC eXDI support are provided in the directory where your EPI software is installed.

./exdi/majic_exdi_driver.exe

The MAJIC eXDI Driver.

./exdi/majic_exdi_plugin.exe

The MAJIC eXDI PlugIn.

./exdi/eXdi_epips.dll

A supporting DLL used by the driver.

./exdi/install.bat

A DOS batch file that creates or updates eXDI driver and Platform Builder registry entries. Note that normally all the needed registry work is done when you install the tools from the CD. You will need to run the **install.bat** file if you manually moved the “**exdi**” installation directory or you are installing an engineering version.

./exdi/uninstall.bat

Un-installs registry entries setup by **install.bat**.

./manuals/MAJIC_eXDI_UserManual.pdf

This manual. Installing the manuals is optional, if you did not install the manuals then this file can still be accessed directly from the **./manuals** directory on the installation CD.

The following files are not eXDI specific, they are needed regardless of whether you are using an EPI debugger or a third-party debugger.

./mdi/...

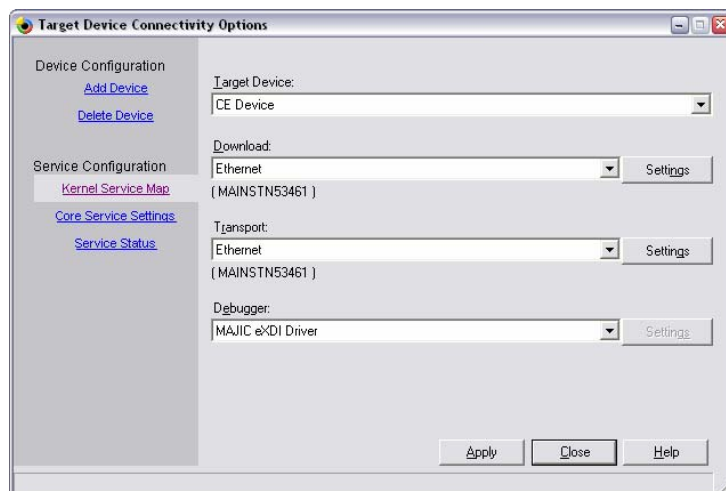
MDI installation tree. MDI is used by eXDI to talk to your MAJIC probe. Refer to the MDI for MAJIC User's Manual for details

3 Configuring Platform Builder

This chapter explains the steps needed to configure Platform Builder to utilize your MAJIC probe for hardware debug. The steps outlined here are for Windows CE 5.x. Similar, but slightly different steps are used by prior version of Windows CE. In either case, the best source of documentation on this aspect is the actual Platform Builders documentation.

Configuring your Platform Builder Project to use MAJIC

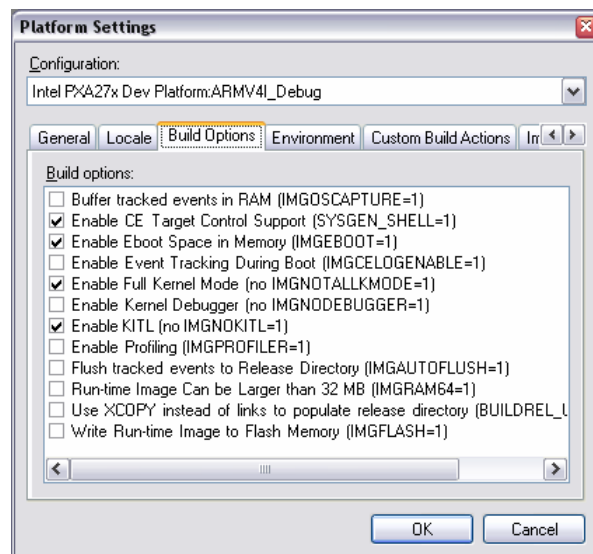
- Step 1:** Launch Platform Builder and select in the workspace/project you wish to configure. You probably want to be using a debug build of your project, but that is not required to utilize MAJIC. The debug build will offer you a view of non-optimized code, while the Release build will be optimized. Note that these configuration changes are workspace-specific and you will need to repeat them for each workspace/project configuration which you wish to enable for debug with MAJIC.
- Step 2:** Configure Platform Builder to use a hardware debug probe. Select the menu item: **Target -> Conectivty Options**. This brings a dialog as shown below. Select MAJIC eXDI Driver in the Debugger drop down list as shown below.



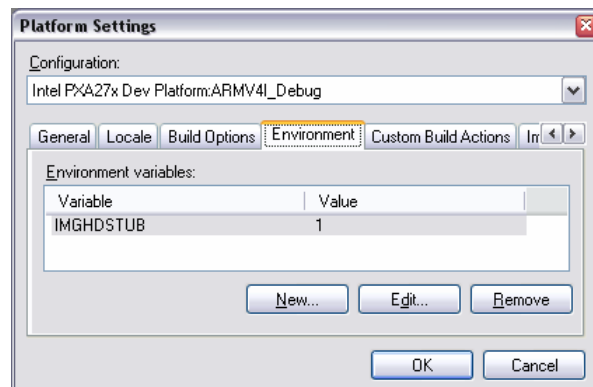
At the time of this writing eXDI is not a choice for either **Transport** or **Download**, but it is expected to become available at a later date for one or both of them. Generally, the values for these two options are not specific to MAJIC usage and should be configured per your board/bsp documentation. Typically they are both configured for Ethernet when EBOOT is used/installed as the bootloader.

Click the [OK] button to apply and close the dialog.

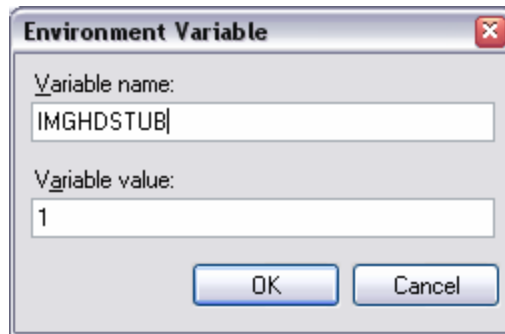
Step 3: Next, we need to configure Platform Builder not to include the software-based debug kernel in your CE image build. Select the menu item **Platform** -> **Settings....** Now select the **Build Options** tab and uncheck the **Enable Kernel Debugger** check box and click the [OK] button.



Step 4: By default PB's Thread and Process Windows communicate with the target WinCE OS at run-time to gather the data for the window contents. Normally this means these Windows won't when the target is stopped via MAJIC. Setting a build environment variable enables stopped at a breakpoint or e this data gather to occur over the eXDI interface when the target is stopped an build variable needs to be added. Select the **Environment** Tab in the Platform Settings dialog (shown below).



Click the [New...] button and add the IMGHDSTUB environment variable. This causes the hardware debug stub to be included in your kernel image at build time, which in turn allows the **Thread** and **Process** Windows to function when stopped. Note that this setup step is critical to allowing application level debug.





Step 5: Rebuild your Windows CE image. Menu item: Build OS -> Build and Sysgen.

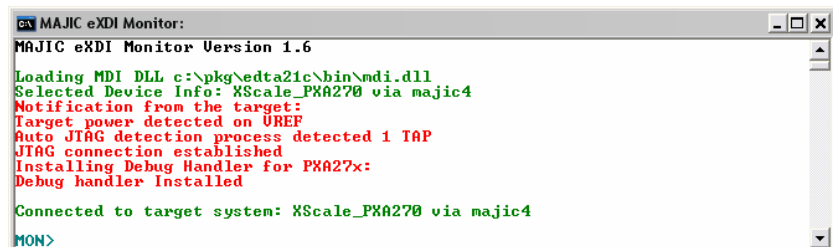
4 *Using the Driver*

This chapter demonstrates usage of the MAJIC eXDI Driver. It is assumed the user has successfully followed the steps in Chapters 2 and 3 to install the Driver and configure Platform Builder to utilize it.

Debugging a Downloaded Image

For this example we are using an Intel® XScale™ Micro-Architecture (PXA27x)-based platform with a working EBOOT installed in flash and Platform Builder set up for download of a new Windows CE image (nk.exe) via EBOOT's download facility.

- Step 1:** First make sure you are disconnected from the target and no Platform Builder target services are running. Do this by selecting the menu item Target -> Detach Device or the Target toolbar button .
- Step 2:** **Starting the eXDI Driver and resetting the target system:**
In previous version of PB you could simple use the Build menu or toolbar Go button to start. If you do this in 5.x or later, it does start the driver, but it does not start the background download process. Instead, you must now select the menu item Target -> Attach Device or the  in the Target Toolbar. The old method will start, but the background download process will not be activated. After selecting Target -> Attach Device, PB launches or connects up to an already-running MAJIC eXDI Driver. The MAJIC eXDI Monitor Window pops up as shown below and the target is reset and stopped at the reset address.

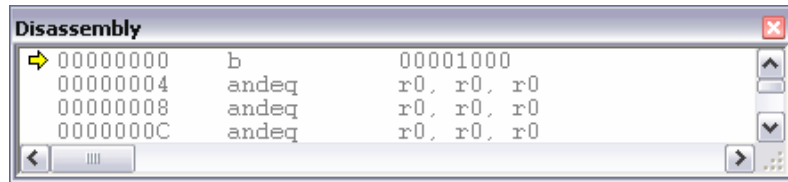


```


MAJIC eXDI Monitor:
MAJIC eXDI Monitor Version 1.6
Loading MDI DLL c:\pkg\edta21c\bin\mdi.dll
Selected Device Info: XScale_PXA270 via majic4
Notification from the target:
Target power detected on UREF
Auto JTAG detection process detected 1 IAP
JTAG connection established
Installing Debug Handler for PXA27x:
Debug handler Installed
Connected to target system: XScale_PXA270 via majic4
MON>
  
```

Platform Builder then takes a few seconds to initialize, read target memory to establish the state of the target OS (if any), and then open up a


disassembly window at the current PC location (example shown below).





Step 3: *Starting the EBOOT Image:*

Now we are ready to start the boot code. Select the menu item Debug -> Go or the Toolbar Go button . EBOOT starts and proceeds to sync up with PB and send out a ready to download message. PB then proceeds to download the WinCE image. After completing EBOOT then jumps into the WinCE to start it running

Note that before you select the Go operation you can insert breakpoints within your downloaded image.



At any time you can interrupt this process by simple selecting the menu item Debug -> Break or  button. You can also set a breakpoint either while stopped or while the image is executing.

Step 4: *Updating Module/Symbol Information:*

After stopping, if you suspect new modules or DLLs have been loaded, you need to tell Platform Builder to refresh its modules list. This is done by selecting the menu item: Target -> CE Modules and Symbols or  button which opens the Modules and Symbols window. If this window was already open, then you must tell it to refresh its data. This is done with the window's refresh  button.

If the only module listed is `nk.exe`, then either you've stopped before any other modules or DLLs were loaded, or your WinCE kernel data format doesn't match the format expect by Platform Builders OsAxs.dll module.



Step 6: *Ending a Debug Session:*

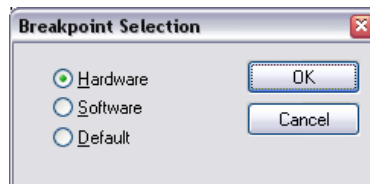
Be sure when ending a debug session that you not only end your debug session via the menu item Debug -> Stop or , but also end the Platform Builder target services via Target -> Detach Device or  button.

The closing of the MAJIC eXDI Monitor Window may take few moments as it cleans up various services. Note that the Driver and Window will remain active if you have the PlugIn running and actively connected to the Driver.


Debugging a Boot Image

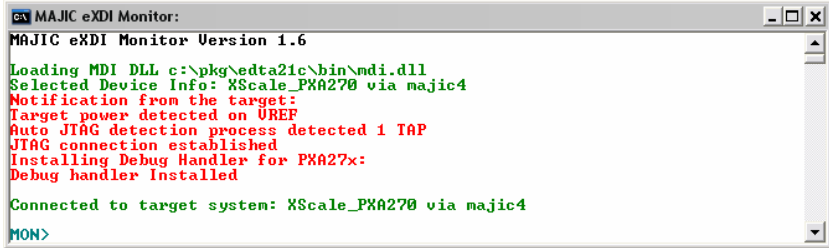
For this example we are using an Intel® XScale™ Micro-Architecture (PXA27x)-based platform with EBOOT installed in flash as the image to debug. It could also be a full WinCE image.

- Step 1:** It is important to make sure your EBOOT ROM image matches your debugging image. This involves building your `eboot.bin` image file and burning it into flash ROM. Please refer to your Platform Builder documentation on building EBOOT for details.
- Step 2:** After building EBOOT and burning in your ROM image, select into Platform Builder the just built `eboot.bin` as your workspace. Note that this is not the `eboot.bin` from your flat release directory, but instead the file from the path MS refers to as:
- `%_TARGETPLATROOT%\target\%_TGTCPU%\%WINCEDEBUG%.`
- If you need further help on this aspect please consult your Platform Builder documentation or contact Microsoft product support.
- Step 3:** Make sure you are disconnected from the target and no Platform Builder target services are running. Do this by selecting the menu item **Target -> Detach Device** or the **Target** toolbar button .
- Step 4:** You can either just begin single-stepping into the ROM or use a hardware breakpoint near the location in EBOOT you wish to stop and begin real debugging. For example to stop in `main()`, first find the location of your EBOOT's main function. The file/location may vary based on your BSP. For the development board used here, it is `main.c` in the directory `C:\WINCE500\PLATFORM\MAINSTONEI\SRC\BOOTLOADER\EBOOT`. Select in this file and find the start of the code area for the main function(). Set a breakpoint at this location by clicking the cursor on the referenced line and selecting the breakpoint  button. Now select the menu item **Edit -> Breakpoints**, right-click on the breakpoint you wish to change and select **Properties**. In the dialog that pops up click the the **[Hardware]** button to bring up a dialog for changing the kind of breakpoint used. Select the **Hardware** radio button, and then click the **[OK]** button.



Finally, click the **Breakpoints** dialogs **[OK]** button and you are ready to start executing.

- Step 5:** Next, select the menu item **Target -> Attach Device** or the **Target** toolbar  button. This launches or connects-up to an already-running MAJIC eXDI driver. The Driver Monitor Window pops up as shown below, and the target is reset and stopped.



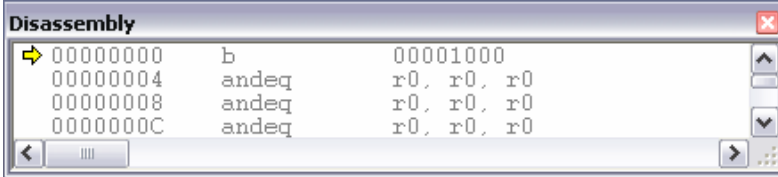
```

MAJIC eXDI Monitor:
MAJIC eXDI Monitor Version 1.6
Loading MDI DLL c:\pkg\edta21c\bin\mdi.dll
Selected Device Info: XScale_PXA270 via majic4
Notification from the target:
Target power detected on UREF
Auto JTAG detection process detected 1 TAP
JTAG connection established
Installing Debug Handler for PXA27x:
Debug handler Installed

Connected to target system: XScale_PXA270 via majic4
MON>

```


Platform Builder takes a few seconds to initialize, read target memory to establish the state of the target OS (if any), and then open up a disassembly window at the current PC location (example shown below).

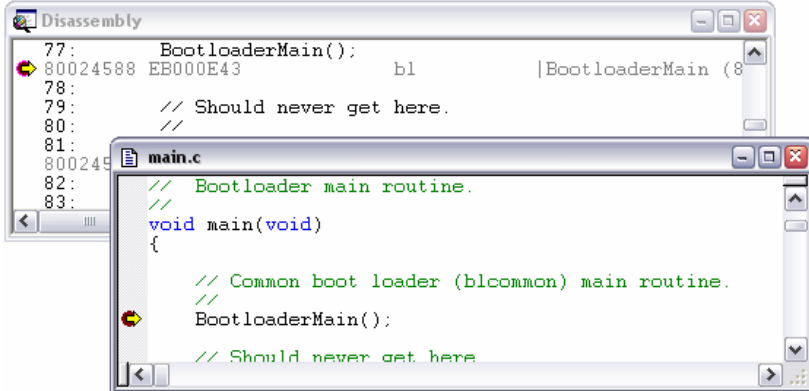


```

Disassembly
00000000  b          00001000
00000004  andeq     r0, r0, r0
00000008  andeq     r0, r0, r0
0000000C  andeq     r0, r0, r0

```

Step 6: Now we are ready to start the boot code. Select the menu item **Debug -> Go** or the Toolbar Go button . The target should then break in main.c similar to below. You can now start debugging.



```

Disassembly
77:      BootloaderMain();
80024588 EB000E43      bl      |BootloaderMain (8
78:
79:      // Should never get here.
80:      //
81:
80024588      main.c
82:      // Bootloader main routine.
83:      //
      void main(void)
      {
          // Common boot loader (blcommon) main routine.
          //
          BootloaderMain();
          // Should never get here.

```

Breakpoint Issues



- The Problem:** I'm trying to debug my ROM based bootloader or WinCE image, but my initial breakpoint doesn't get hit. Why is this?
- The Answer:** By default, when MAJIC connects to a target system it reset the target processor and waits at the reset address for the user to set breakpoints and tell the target to go. EBOOT and WinCE images in ROM typically do a number of things that can cause problems for an initial software breakpoint. In some cases, the run-time image copies itself from ROM to RAM, thus removing the software breakpoint in RAM set at go time. Bootloaders and WinCE images also typically setup the MMU at run-time, thus the address that the breakpoints was set at go time either doesn't exist or is not going to be the same memory as it is after the MMU is setup.
- Fortunately, MAJIC supports hardware breakpoints which allow you work-around these issues. Simply right-click on your breakpoint in the **Breakpoint List Window** and select **Properties**. Now select the **Hardware** button and click the **Hardware** radio button.
- Hard Coded Break:** There is also another way to cause your program to hit a breakpoint. The steps below outline how you can embed a software breakpoint directly in your code.
- Step 1:** Edit the source code where you wish to set your breakpoint and add the following code above the line you wish to stop on. The specific code value you use depends upon your target CPU.
- For XScale/ARM V5 chips:
`__emit(0xE12CEC7E); // breakpoint`
- For MIPS chips:
`__emit(0x70CECE3F); // breakpoint`
- Step 2:** Recompile your code and run it. Upon hitting the breakpoint, notice that the program counter (pc register) has been adjusted to the instruction after your hard-coded breakpoint. This allows you to easily continue execution after stopping.
- Note:** One way to better manage this breakpoint issue is to hard-code your breakpoint at your module's entry point. Once you stop at the breakpoint, you can then decide to set a normal software breakpoint where ever you need one.
- Pitfalls:** If you run your system without the eXDI driver in place your hard-coded breakpoint will cause your system to hang up. You'll need to disable the breakpoint in your code and recompile to run without the MAJIC eXDI driver loaded.

Using the eXDI Monitor Window

The eXDI Driver's Monitor Window contains a subset of our low-level Monice (MON) debugger command interface. It contains a rich set of commands to examine memory and registers, display and control trace acquisition, and configure your MAJIC probe. Please refer to the MAJIC User's Manual for details on the MON command language.

Trace Setup and Display

For some CPUs, trace setup is as easy as enabling trace capture via MON's **+te** command. Others require setup of what kinds of things to trace, when to stop etc. The description of this is beyond the scope of this manual. Please refer to your MAJIC User's Manual chapter on trace control.

Example: Below is a screen shot of enabling trace and displaying the result. Note that between the enable (**+te**) and the display trace (**dt**) command we went back to Platform Builder's menu and told the target Go  for a few seconds and then selected the Break  button. This allows MAJIC to capture some trace data for display. Note that the amount of data captured is dependent on your MAJIC model and target CPU. For the CPU used here, the results can vary with the execution stream, but typically about 1000 instructions are captured.

```
MON>+te
Trace mode is: Execution tracing

MON>dt,i
Processing raw trace acquisition...
127 raw trace frames retrieved
961 frames selected for upload
INSTRUCTION MODE TRACE DISPLAY
```

FRAME	P	T	LOCATION	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
943	0	+	800c37b4:	e58d7000	STR r7,[sp]
944	0		800c37b8:	e58d4004	STR r4,[sp,#4]
945	0		800c37bc:	da00006b	BLE 0x800C3970 ; OEMIdle+0x1ec
946	0		800c37c0:	e59f01d4	LDR r0,0x800C399C
947	0		800c37c4:	e5901000	LDR r1,[r0]
948	0		800c37c8:	e3510000	CMP r1,#0
949	0		800c37cc:	1a000067	BNE 0x800C3970 ; OEMIdle+0x1ec
950	0		800c37d0:	e59f01c0	LDR r0,0x800C3998
951	0		800c37d4:	e5901000	LDR r1,[r0]
952	0		800c37d8:	e3510000	CMP r1,#0
953	0		800c37dc:	0a000005	BEQ 0x800C37F8 ; OEMIdle+0x74
954	0		800c37f8:	eb000223	BL 0x800C408C ; PerfCountSinceTick
955			PerfCountSinceTick:		
	0		800c408c:	e59f0020	LDR r0,0x800C40B4
956	0		800c4090:	e3a024a6	MOV r2,#0xA6000000
957	0		800c4094:	e3822503	ORR r2,r2,#0xC00000
958	0		800c4098:	e5901000	LDR r1,[r0]
959	0		800c409c:	e5920000	LDR r0,[r2]
960	0		800c40a0:	e3a03ee6	MOV r3,#0xE60
961	0		800c40a4:	e3833006	ORR r3,r3,#6

Note: The trace information above can also be viewed via the PlugIn's Trace Display Window which provides a GUI-based interface and source line information instead of just symbols. Please see the next chapter for details on using the PlugIn.

Coprocessor and Peripheral Register Access

Platform Builder's IDE only provides access to a subset of CPU registers. MON supports access to a full set of CPU and peripheral registers. This is configured via startup files and can be customized by users. For full details on configuration and usage consult the MAJIC User's Manual. Below are some simple examples for the Intel PXA250 demonstrating the power of this feature.

In this screen shot we told the debugger to display, via the Display Word (**dw**) command, a bank of peripheral registers for an on-chip serial port. This peripheral has four registers starting at the physical memory address 41000000. To the right of the register's value display is a field breakdown of the individual bits/fields. Multi-bit fields are displayed as *fieldname=val* and single-bit fields are displayed in uppercase for 1 and lowercase for value 0.

```
MON>dw sscr0 ssitr
sscr0:
41000000:P 00000000 (scr=0 sse ecs frf=0 dss=0)
sscr1:
41000004:P 00000000 (strf efwr rft=0 tft=0 sph spo lbm tie rie)
sssr:
41000008:P 0000F004 (rfl=f tfl=0 ror rfs tfs bsy rne TNF)
ssitr:
4100000c:P 00000000 (tror trfs ttfs)
```

The registers can also be edited via simple commands. The Enter Word (**ew**) command (shown below) modifies a field within a register.

```
MON>ew sscr0.dss=2

MON>dw sscr0
sscr0:
41000000:P 00000002 (scr=0 sse ecs frf=0 dss=2)
```

Memory Access

Platform Builder's is limited to examining Virtual Memory, although developers often find it necessary to reach down inside and look at physical memory. MON commands can be used to examine such memory. For example: We know that the boot code on ARM targets start at address 0, but in many virtual memory-based applications the boot code is no longer visible once you have booted up. By using a physical memory address qualifier (**:p**) in MON's Display Word command we can see this memory. The "**L 4**" after the address says to list a range of four words and the "**,i**" says to display the words as instructions.

```

MON>dw 0:p L 4,i
00000000:P ea0003fe B 0x1000 ;
00000004:P 00000000 ANDEQ r0,r0,r0
00000008:P 00000000 ANDEQ r0,r0,r0
0000000c:P 00000000 ANDEQ r0,r0,r0

```

Option Configuration

There are many configuration options available for your MAJIC probe. This aspect is covered in detail within the MAJIC User's Manual. As a simple example here we cover the interesting case of using the Vector Catch feature to stop when an exception occurs. Note that this example is specific to ARM and Intel® XScale™ based cores.

By default, the Vector Catch option is configured off for the Windows CE environment. We chose this default because we envision most users in a complex environment, like Windows CE, will want the default behavior of their OS when an exception does occur. MON's Display Option and Enter Option commands allow us to modify the default settings.

```

MON>dov vector_catch
EO vector_catch = 0x0 // Default: 0x0
// Valid values: 0x0 - 0x1ff
//
// Determines which exception conditions are detected and control passed
// back to the debugger. The bits correspond as follows:
// Bit# Field Cause
// 0 0x001 Reset
// 1 0x002 Undefined Instruction
// 2 0x004 Software Interrupt
// 3 0x008 Prefetch Abort
// 4 0x010 Data Abort
// 5 0x020 Address Exception
// 6 0x040 IRQ
// 7 0x080 FIQ
// 8 0x100 Error
MON>eo vector_catch = 0x2

```

As you can see from the Enter Option command above, we configured the probe so as to stop execution when an Undefined Instruction exception occurs.

Shutting Down

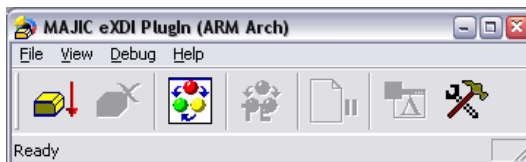
The Driver automatically shuts down as soon as all the connections to it are closed. Unless you manually started the Driver there should be no need to manually shutdown the driver via the window close button. Note that both Platform Builder and the PlugIn are clients of the Driver, so both need to be disconnected (if connected).

5 *Using the PlugIn*

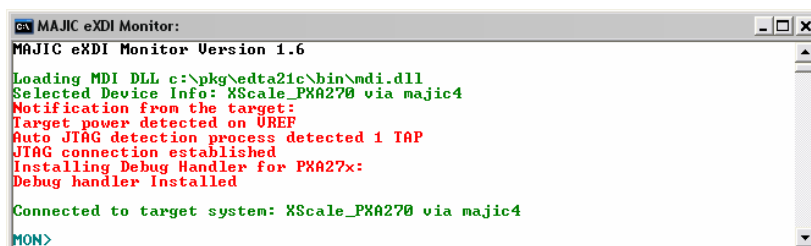
This chapter shows you the capabilities and usage of the MAJIC eXDI PlugIn.

Launching the PlugIn

The PlugIn can be started from the Platform Builder's menu item Tools -> Plug In -> MAJIC eXDI PlugIn. The PlugIn's main window pops up as shown below:



Now select the menu item Debug -> Connect to MAJIC Probe. If your setup is configured correctly the Driver starts up and brings up the MAJIC eXDI Monitor Window (example shown below). Note that when bringing up the PlugIn the MAJIC eXDI Monitor Window is typically already running. In such case, the PlugIn just connects to the existing driver instance.



Note that some of the PlugIn Window's buttons become enabled after successful connection.

Using the Trace Window

One of the PlugIn's most useful features is the GUI-based Trace Display Window. It provides a convenient scrollable access to any captured trace data in your MAJIC probe. Use the PlugIn's menu item View -> Trace Display or the button shown to the right to open the Trace Window.



Enabling Trace:

You can then use the [Display] button to get the trace data from the Driver and display it. However, this assumes you have actually captured some data. To do that you may need to Enable Trace via the menu item Debug -> Trace Enable or the button shown to the right, followed by a run / break sequence to actually capture some trace from a real target run.



Note:

Some processors with advanced trace features require the setup of a trace specification to determine what is to be captured. Please refer to your MAJIC User's Manual for details on trace setup.

Below is a sample Trace Display window:

Trace Display - 981 frames				
Frame	Addr	R/W	Value	Description
970	800c3810		e38ee006	ORR lr,lr,#6
971	800c3814		e0832000	ADD r2,r3,r0
972	800c3818		e0830192	UMULL r0,r3,r2,r1
973	800c381c		e1a01523	MOV r1,r3,LSR #10
974	800c3820		e0000e91	MUL r0,r1,lr
oemidle.c#133: CurMSec += dwCount;				
975	800c3824		e59b1000	LDR r1,[r11]
976	800c3828		e0420000	SUB r0,r2,r0
977	800c382c		e0814523	ADD r4,r1,r3,LSR #10
978	800c3830		e5880000	STR r0,[r8]
oemidle.c#141: if ((int) (dwIdleMSec -= CurMSec - dwPrevMS				
979	800c3834		e0450004	SUB r0,r5,r4
980	800c3838		e58b4000	STR r4,[r11]
981	800c383c		e0807006	ADD r7,r0,r6

The Window title bar shows the total number of captured frames of trace data and the toolbar indicates the current display mode.

Trace Display Modes

The Trace Display Window's toolbar allows you update the trace data and select the display mode. The available modes are listed below.

Instr

Displays valid instruction accesses in disassembled form. If the address of an instruction corresponds to a source line, then the source line is displayed first on its own line. If no source line exists, but a symbolic label corresponds to the address, then the symbol is displayed first on its own line.

Mixed

Combination of Instr and Data display modes.

- Data** Displays valid data accesses in a formatted form. The R/W column displays the kind of access that occurred and the width is implied by the Value field. Note that many CPUs do not support data tracing.
- Source** Displays only the source or labels associated with valid instruction frames. This allows you to concisely see your execution flow from a source code point of view.

Trace filters and searching are also available via MON commands. Please refer to your MAJIC User's Manual for details.

Miscellaneous Features

Symbol Reload

Symbol/Source information is automatically loaded from Platform Builder upon the first reference. However, because of the dynamic nature of the Windows CE OS new programs might get loaded (or even reloaded at new addresses). In such a case, you must manually tell the Driver to reload symbols from Platform Builder. This is accomplished via the menu item Debug -> Reload Symbols or the toolbar button to the right.



Break

The PlugIn provides a break button that mirrors the behavior of the break button in Platform Builder. Normally there is no reason to use this button, but some times the Platform Builder user interface is so busy starting and stopping the processor for various reasons that it never acts upon a break request. The extra break provided here gives you an easy way to halt the processor if such a case arises. The break facility can be used via the menu item Debug -> Break or the button to the right.



Always On Top

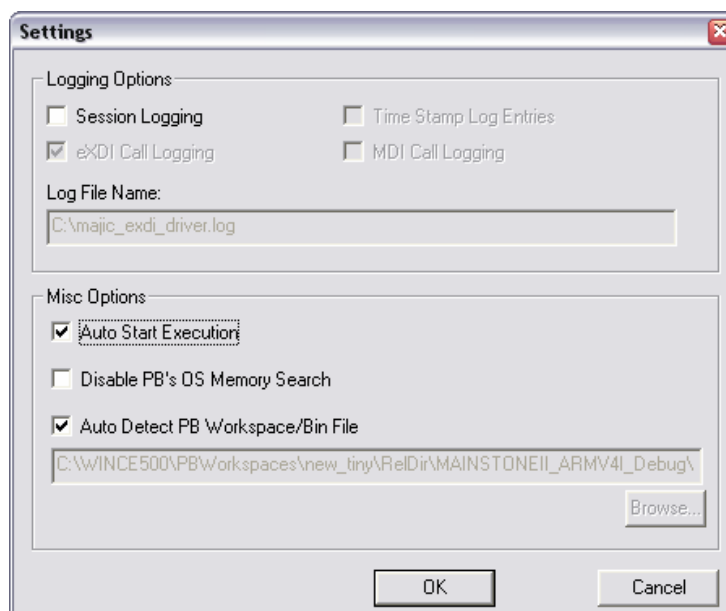
Many times it can be inconvenient to switch back and forth between the PlugIn and Platform Builder Windows. The PlugIn has a feature to allow it to always be a top level window. This allows you to maximize your Platform Builder Window and still see and operate with your PlugIn Windows. The feature is enabled via the menu item: View -> Always On Top.

The Settings Window

The Settings Window provides control of Driver/PlugIn File Logging and the Auto Start Execution feature. The Settings Window can be launched via the toolbar and the menu item View -> Settings.

Auto Start Execution

Some users may find that when starting up the Driver/Probe they don't need the added step of halting at the reset address, but would rather just auto-start execution. This behavior can be accomplished by clicking the checkbox below and selecting the [OK] button.



Disable PB OS Memory Search

When debugging non WinCE images (bootloaders, etc), PB's compiler can produce images that trick PB into thinking it should search for WinCE kernel information on the target. This significantly slows down debugging of the target. Enabling this option tells PB not to do the search.

Note:

The first release of PB 5.0 does not utilize this option, and at the time of this writing MS has not yet made an update available.

Auto Detect PB Workspace/Bin File

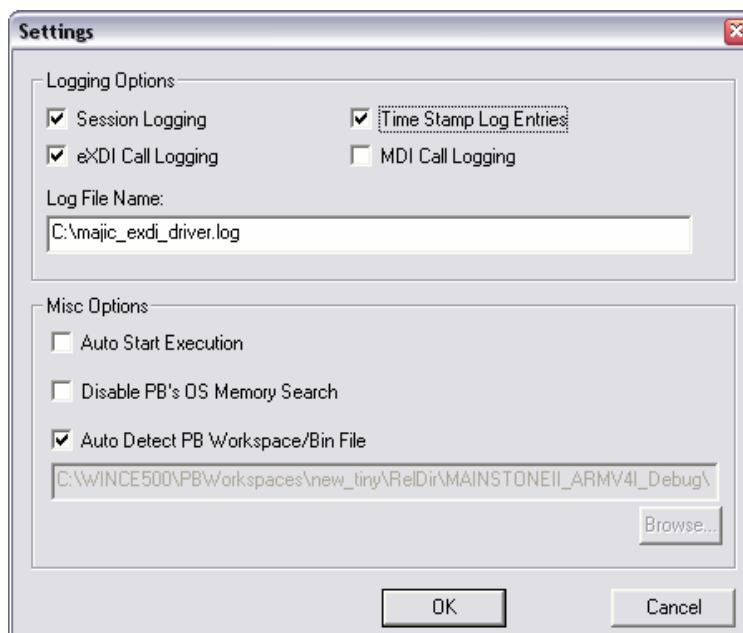
If enabled this option allow you to manually reference the executable (.bin) file that is to be used by the PlugIn and eXDI driver to read symbol and source information from.

Capturing a Debug Log Session

If you encounter problems that you think related your MAJIC Probe or software we may ask you to capture a debug log session so we can investigate the issue. The log will capture all the communication between your Probe, Driver, PlugIn and Platform Builder. Below are details of how to enable the log capture.

Before you begin a debug session from Platform Builder, start the MAJIC eXDI PlugIn by selecting Platform Builders menu Tools -> Plug In -> MAJIC eXDI PlugIn.

From the PlugIn Toolbar select the Settings ICON or menu item View -> Settings. This brings up the following window:



Select the **Session Logging** check-box. This enables the items contained in the session logging group. Check the **eXDI Call Logging** and the **Time Stamp Log Entries** check boxes followed by selecting the [OK] button. We suggest leaving the **MDI Call Logging** unchecked unless EPI has asked you to enable it. The **Log File Name** defaults to a location on the Drive C:. You can change this to any filename and/or location you wish. All the Driver captured log information is stored in this file.

You can now shutdown the PlugIn if you wish since it will communicate this setup information to the MAJIC eXDI Driver.

Note:

The PlugIn itself also has a log file that is enabled via the Session Logging checkbox. The log file name is `majic_exdi_plugin.log` and it is put in the same directory referenced in the **Log File Name** edit box. If the issue you are trying to capture involves interactions with the PlugIn then this file can also be relevant.

Session Capture:

If you enable **Session Logging** and leave the rest of the check boxes within **Session Logging** unchecked what is captured is all the information sent to the eXDI Driver Monitor Window. You might find this useful for recording the output that occurs in this window.

Disconnecting the PlugIn

To disconnect the PlugIn from the Driver simply select the menu item



Debug -> Disconnect from MAJIC probe or the button shown to the right.

6 *Support/Contact Information*

EPI Support

E-Mail: support@epitools.com

Internet: www.epitools.com

Telephone: 408 957-0350

Microsoft Support

Please note that EPI support is specific to the EPI distributed tools, which does not include Platform Builder. Please contact Microsoft's Support department via the web address below and click on the support link for help with Platform Builder and Win CE .NET specific questions.

<http://www.mswep.com>

Index

<p>--A--</p> <p>Always on Top21</p> <p>Auto Detect PB Workspace22</p> <p>Auto Start Execution22</p> <p>--B--</p> <p>Break.....21</p> <p>Breakpoint Issues15</p> <p>Build Options9</p> <p>--C--</p> <p>Configuring Platform Builder.....8</p> <p>Coprocessor Registers.....17</p> <p>--D--</p> <p>Debug LogSession Log.....22</p> <p>Debugging a Boot Image.....13</p> <p>Debugging a Downloaded Image ..11</p> <p>Display Word Command17</p> <p>Driver Monitor Window.....11</p> <p>--E--</p> <p>EBOOT12</p> <p>Enter Word Command17</p> <p>eXDI1</p> <p>eXDI Monitor Window16</p> <p>eXDI PlugIn1</p> <p>Extended Debug Interface.....1</p> <p>ExtendedDebugInterface.....2, 7</p> <p>--F--</p> <p>File Logging21</p> <p>--H--</p> <p>Hardware Breakpoint.....13</p> <p>--I--</p> <p>Introduction1</p>	<p>--L--</p> <p>Launching the PlugIn..... 19</p> <p>--M--</p> <p>MAJIC 1</p> <p>MAJIC eXDI Monitor..... 6</p> <p>MAJIC eXDI PlugIn 19</p> <p>majic_exdi_plugin.log 23</p> <p>MDI Call LoggingLog 23</p> <p>Memory Access 17</p> <p>Microsoft's Platform Builder 1</p> <p>--O--</p> <p>Option Configuration..... 18</p> <p>--P--</p> <p>PB OS Memory Search 22</p> <p>Peripheral Registers 17</p> <p>--S--</p> <p>Session Capture 23</p> <p>Settings Dialog 21</p> <p>Shutting Down 18</p> <p>SupportContact Information 25</p> <p>Supported Environments..... 2</p> <p>Symbol Reload 21</p> <p>--T--</p> <p>Table of Contents..... 1</p> <p>TimeStamps..... 23</p> <p>--U--</p> <p>Using the Driver..... 11</p> <p>--V--</p> <p>Vector Catch..... 18</p>
---	--